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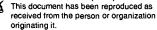
ABSTRACT

This paper presents information regarding the five critical success factors for institutional effectiveness identified by the Connecticut Community-Technical Colleges. These factors are: (1) career education; (2) general study; (3) transfer; (4) community service; and (5) student support services. The Performance Measures Review Team also points out the importance of two additional factors: access and affordability, and efficient use of resources. The review team will eventually identify several measures to assess effectiveness in each of the seven critical success factors identified. The document presents six institutional goals and defines the indicators for each goal, as well as offering a clarification of the goal, rationale for inclusion, basis for assessing performance, and data sources. Goals include enhancing student learning and promoting academic excellence. The clarification for this goal asks the question: Why do students attend community college? Rationale for inclusion argues that first-time, full-time enrollment accounts for only about 10% of headcount each fall. Community college students are typically more ethnically diverse, older, work full- or part-time, have families, and enter college with a variety of personal goals that may not include graduation. (NB)



Demonstrating Institutional Effectiveness in the Connecticut Community-Technical College System (Initial Recommendations – DHE Performance Measures)

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Education That Works For a Lifetime

Demonstrating Institutional Effectiveness In the Connecticut Community-Technical College System (Initial Recommendations - DHE Performance Measures)

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Introduction

The Office of Planning and Assessment wishes to thank the Performance Measures Review Team for spearheading this project. The team came together in May and June for the purpose of establishing a method of assessing the institutional effectiveness of our system that could be used internally to inform strategic planning, budgeting, learner development and curriculum issues, and externally to better tell the story of Connecticut's community colleges to a vast array of publics. The design of this project is directly linked to the statutory mission of the system.

The work of the team is not complete but the process and recommended performance measures for DHE are presented here. These include the common core for all public units of higher education as passed by the BOG and five additional measures. These are only a sub-set of a larger group of measures that the team will identify as indicators of our effectiveness as a system.

Performance Measures Review Team Membership

Team membership includes the following people. Doris Arrington, Capital (Deans of Students), Caitlin Boger-Hawkins, Northwestern (Institutional Research Council), Vicky Greene (System Office), Mary Johnson (DHE), Dennis Jones (System Office), Paul McNamara, Housatonic (Deans of Administration), Lillian Ortiz, Manchester (Deans and Directors of Development), Melinda Rising, Northwestern (Academic Deans), William Ritchie, Tunxis (Institutional Research Council), Larry Smotroff, Naugatuck (Deans of Continuing Education), Coreen Sumple (System Office), Audrey Thompson, Naugatuck (Deans and Directors of Development), Vincent Tong, Gateway (Institutional Research Council), Jean Wihbey, Gateway (Academic Deans), and myself.



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Connecticut Community Technical Colleges

Statutory Mission

Sec. 10a-80. (Formerly Sec. 10-381). Community service programs at regional community-technical colleges. (a) The primary responsibilities of the regional community-technical colleges shall be (1) to provide programs of occupational, vocational, technical and technological and career education designed to provide training for immediate employment, job retraining or upgrading of skills to meet individual, community and state manpower needs; (2) to provide programs of general study including, but not limited to, remediation, general and adult education and continuing education designed to meet individual student goals; (3) to provide programs of study for college transfer representing the first two years of baccalaureate education; (4) to provide community service programs as defined in subsection (b) of this section and (5) to provide student support services including, but not limited to, admissions, counseling, testing, placement, individualized instruction and efforts to serve students with special needs.

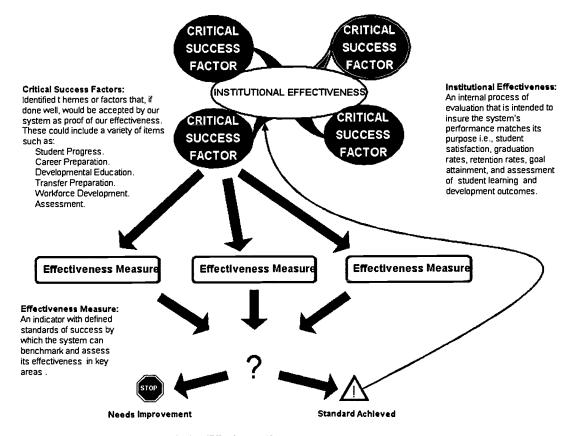
(b) As used in this section, "community service programs" means educational, cultural, recreational and community directed services which a community-technical college may provide in addition to its regular academic program. Such community service programs may include, but shall not be limited to, (1) activities designed to enrich the intellectual, cultural and social life of the community, (2) educational services designed to promote the development of skills for the effective use of leisure time, (3) activities and programs designed to assist in the identification and solution of community problems and (4) utilization of college facilities and services by community groups to the extent such usage does not conflict with the regular schedule of the college.



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Institutional Effectiveness

Critical Success Factors are identified themes or factors that, if done well, would be accepted by our system as proof of our effectiveness. Well-documented evidence of performance in each of these areas is provided through effectiveness measures. Effectiveness Measures are indicators, with defined standards of success, by which the system can benchmark and assess its effectiveness in key areas. In this world of accountability, performance measurement, assessment and the like, how does a community college system demonstrate its effectiveness? Drawn directly from the statutory mission of the Connecticut Community-Technical Colleges are five Critical Success Factors: (1) career education, (2) general study, (3) transfer, (4) community service, and (5) student support services. In addition, the review team is recommending the addition of two additional factors: (7) access and affordability and (6) efficient use of resources.



http://www.commnet.edu/co/planning/institutionalEffectiveness/Process_Model.htm

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The review team will eventually identify several measures to assess our effectiveness in each of the seven critical success factors identified. The related data collection will provide the foundation for an annual institutional effectiveness report to be published by the Office of Planning and Assessment. The review team has made considerable progress and should finish their work in the fall of 2002.

DHE Performance Measures

In the mean time the team has identified a sub-set of measures for the DHE Performance Measurement Project. These include the common core for all public units of higher education as passed by the BOG, and five additional measures. All of these measures are linked not only to our statutory mission but also the six legislative goals on which the DHE project was founded.

On the next page is a matrix showing our critical success factors, the six legislative goals and the recommended measures. Following that is the detail for each measure. Measures belonging to the mandated common core are marked with an asterisk.

This recommendation is brought forward for your consideration, discussion and hopefully approval. Our final list of measures is due to the Department of Higher Education by August 28, 2002.



	Legislative Goal 1	Legislative Goal 2	Legislative Goal 3	Legislative Goal 4	Legislative Goal 5	Legislative Goal 6
Community Colleges Critical Success Factors	Enhance student learning and promote academic excellence	Join with elementary and secondary schools to improve teaching and learning at all levels.	Ensure access to and affordability of higher education.	Promote the economic development of the state to help business and industry sustain strong economic growth.	Respond to the needs and problems of society.	Ensure the efficient use of resources.
Career Education	*Pass Rates on Licens./Cert. Exams Specialized Accreditations			CETC Report Card Employment & Retention		
General Study	Student Goals					
Transfer	Transfer Out					
Community Service		*K12 Pamership Narratives			*Non-Credit Reg. (Summary) Crity Svc Narratives	
Student Support Services						
Access and Affordability			*Minority Enrollment *Real Price to Students *% of Operating Expend. from State Support			
Efficient Use of Resources				*Degrees Conferred by Credit Program		*Real Cost to Students *Graduation Rates Enrollment by Credit Program *Retention Rates
*Common Core: UCONN, CSU & CTC Bold: Peer Data Available	able					



Indicator with			Basis for Assessing	
Definition	Clarification	Rationale for Inclusion	Performance	Data Sources
Student Goals: The	Why do students attend	First-time, full-time	Internal benchmarking	Connecticut Community
number and % of	the community	enrollment accounts		College System New
students attending	colleges?	for only about 10% of		Student Survey, item 11
community colleges for		our headcount each		unduplicated, primary
the following reasons:		fall Compared to		goal.
Certificate		other constituent units		
 Associate Degree 		of biobor odinostion		
Fulfill another				
college's		afiancia in the second		
reauirement		students are typically		
 Transfer with an 		more ethnically		
Associate Degree		diverse, older, work		
 Transfer without an 		full- or part-time, have		
Associate Degree		families, and enter		
dot •		college with a variety		
preparation/retrainin		of personal goals that		
g course		may not include		
 Personal 		graduation, such as		
development		transfer, skill		
course(s)		acquisition, personal		
 Improve English 		enrichment, and the		
proficiency		pursuit of lifelona		
Developmental		learning		
(college preparation)				-
education				
Unsure				



C Y ERIC	Indicator with			Basis for Assessing	
	Definition	Clarification	Rationale for Inclusion	Performance	Data Sources
	*Licensure and	Are program completers	A measure of program	Benchmark to State	Various Examining
	Certification Exam	prepared to practice	quality and	and/or National Pass	Boards
	Performance: The	their professions?	effectiveness.	Rates	
	percentage of				
	successful completers				
	on licensure and				
	certification				
	examinations:				
	Dental Hygiene				
	Early Childhood				
	Education				
	EMT - Paramedic				
	Med Lab Technician				
	 Medical Assisting 				
	Nuclear Medicine				
	Nursing				
	Occupational				
	Therapy Asst				
1	Physical Therapist				
. 1	Asst				
-	Radiation Therapy				
	Radiologic				
	Technology				
	Radiology				
	Respiratory Care				
	Surgical Technology				



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Goal 1: To Enhance Student Learning and Promote Academic Excellence (Continued)

1			Design Assessing	
Indicator With			Basis for Assessing	
Definition	Clarification	Rationale for Inclusion	Performance	Data Sources
Specialized	What community college	A measure of program	Benchmark to	Various Accrediting
Accreditations: A	programs maintain	quality and	availability of	Boards
listing of community	specialized	effectiveness.	accreditations	
college programs	accreditations where			
maintaining specialized	they exist?			
accreditations				
Indicator with			Basis for Assessing	
Definition	Clarification	Rationale for Inclusion	Performance	Data Sources
Transfer with or	How many students	Transfer, providing	Internal benchmarking	Banner and National
without a degree: The	transfer to a four-year	programs of study for		Clearinghouse data
number of students who	institution with or without	college transfer		match
transfer to a four-year	completing a degree or	representing the first		(Students last attending
institution with or without	certificate?	two vears of a		a community college in
completing a degree or		booolourooto		the fall of 1999 and fall
certificate		Daccalaureale		of 2000).
		education, is one of the		
		critical success factors		
		of the community		
		college system statutory		
		mission.		

Goal 2: To join with elementary and secondary schools to improve teaching and learning at all levels

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Indicator with			Basis for Assessing	
Definition	Clarification	Rationale for Inclusion	Performance	Data Sources
*Collaborative	What are Connecticut's	Measure of the direct	Internal benchmarking	College Narratives (one
Activities with Public	public higher education	linkages as well as		or two paragraphs)
Schools: Narrative	institutions doing to	sharing of best practices		
description of	foster student learning in between higher	between higher		
collaborative activities	our K-12 public schools? education institutions	education institutions		
and programs with K-12		and Connecticut's K-12		
public schools, including		public schools		
descriptions of selected				
programs.				



e-calc previous years). (exclude unknown and Data Sources Data Sources **Enrollment Reports** PEDS and DHE IPEDS proportions in the state's population 18 years and **Basis for Assessing Basis for Assessing Performance Performance** Benchmark to peer Benchmark to institutions older. Rationale for Inclusion Rationale for Inclusion contribution of the state Goal 3: To ensure access to and affordability of higher education Connecticut's public Reflects the relative diversity of student Reflects the overal nigher education in maintaining enrollment at affordability. nstitutions. affordable access to its committed to providing student body compare How does the ethnic to that of the state? Clarification composition of the Clarification higher education Is Connecticut system? total state appropriations proportions in the state's proportions of student of color (African American, educational and general Percent of Operating inancial aid and capital (E&G) expenditures as *Minority Enrollment: semester compared to including general fund population 18 years & equipment funds as a defined by NACUBO, fringe benefits, state State Support: The Expenditures from Hispanic, Asian and Indicator with not including capital Indicator with supported student The numbers and Definition Definition enrolled in the fall equipment funds. Native American) percent of total



Goal 3: To ensure access to and affordability of higher education (Continued)

Indicator with			Basis for Assessing	
Definition	Clarification	Rationale for Inclusion	Performance	Data Sources
*Real Price to	What is the price of	Tracking changes in	Benchmark to peer	Tuition and Fees -
Students: Tuition and	attendance for in-state	tuition and fee costs	institutions	IPEDS or Peer
mandatory fees for a	students relative to	relative to income gives		Institutions;
full-time, in-state	Connecticut's median	an indication of whether		
undergraduate student	household income?	college costs are		Median Household
as a percent of median		becoming more or less		Income – Census
household income.		affordable		Bureau

Goal 4: To promote the	economic development of	Goal 4: To promote the economic development of the state to help business and industry sustain strong economic growth	s and industry sustain st	rong economic growth
Indicator with			Basis for Assessing	
Definition	Clarification	Rationale for Inclusion	Performance	Data Sources
CETC Report Card	Do the community	Career education,	Internal Benchmarking	Banner and DOL data
Employment and	colleges' adequately	providing programs of		match
Retention in	prepare students to get	occupational,		
Employment: Number	a job and maintain that	vocational, technical		
of occupational program	employment?	and technological and		
graduates employed		career education		
upon graduation and still				
employed 6 months later		designed to provide		
		training for immediate		
		employment, job		
		retraining or upgrading		
		of skills to meet		
		individual, community		
		and state manpower		
		needs, is one of the		
		critical success factors		
		of the community		
		college system statutory		
		mission		



Goal 4: To promote the economic development of the state to help business and industry sustain strong economic growth

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Indicator with	-		Basis for Assessing	
Definition	Clarification	Rationale for Inclusion	Performance	Data Sources
*Degree Conferred by	What are the number	Compared to other	Internal Benchmarking	IPEDS
Credit Program: The	and percentage of	constituent units of		
number and percentage	students graduating	higher education,		
of degrees conferred by	from credit programs?	community college		
credit program:		students are typically		
■ Business		ethnically diverse, older,		
 Health/Life Science 		work full- or part-time,		
 Other Sci/Tech/Eng 		have families. It will		
 Social Sciences 		certainly take them		
Liberal Arts &		longer to graduate than		
General Studies		the typical 18-year-old		
Humanities/Arts/		entering college right		
Communications		after high school, but		
Education		they do enroll in large		
		numbers and eventually		
		graduate in large		
		numbers as well.		

Goal 5. To respond to the	goal 3: 10 respond to the needs and problems of society	society		
Indicator with			Basis for Assessing	
Definition	Clarification	Rationale for Inclusion	Performance	Data Sources
*Non-credit	Are Connecticut	Measure of higher	Internal benchmarking	Banner
registrations: Annual	colleges and universities	education		
registrations (running	providing increased	responsiveness in		
from summer term	opportunities for life-long	life-long meeting local life-long		
through spring term) of	learning and short-term	learning and training		
non-credit students by	training needs?	needs.		
the following two				
categories 1) personal				
development and 2)				
workforce development.				

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Goal 5: To respond to the needs and problems of society (Continued)

Indicator with			Basis for Assessing	
Definition	Clarification	Rationale for Inclusion	Performance	Data Sources
Collaborative		Community Service,	Internal benchmarking	College Narratives (one
Activities within the		including (1) activities		or two paragraphs)
Community: Narrative		designed to enrich the		
description of		intellectual, cultural and		
collaborative activities		social life of the cmty,		
and programs within the		(2) educational services		
descriptions of selected		designed to promote the		
programs.		development of skills for		
		the effective use of		
		leisure time, (3)		
		activities and programs		
		designed to assist in the		
		identification and		
		solution of cmty		
		problems & (4)		
		utilization of college		
		facilities and services by		
		cmty groups to the		
		extent such usage does		
		not conflict with the		
		regular schedule of the		
		college, is one of the		
		critical success factors		
		of the community		
		college system statutory		
		mission.		



Enrollment Survey Data Sources Data Sources Data Sources Finance Survey PEDS IPEDS Banner Internal Benchmarking **Basis for Assessing Basis for Assessing** Basis for Assessing **Performance Performance Performance** Benchmark to peer Benchmark to peer institutions institutions Rationale for Inclusion Rationale for Inclusion Rationale for Inclusion within 3 years for 2-year institutions and 4, 5 and Measure of the relative resources compared to proportion of first-time full-time freshmen that complete their degree efficiency with which 6 years for 4-year A measure of the peer institutions. institutions use nstitutions. What percentage of firsthigher education system student in Connecticut's degree in the amount of real cost of educating a programs and services time used as a national public institutions offer seeking students who How does the current time, full-time degree that help its students Goal 6: To ensure efficient use of resources attend a community semester return the Do our Connecticut Clarification Clarification Clarification achieve a college compare to peer college in a fall following fall? institutions? standard? students in a cohort who students in a cohort who full-time degree seeking complete within 3 years. full-time degree seeking *Retention Rates: The percentage of first-time, percentage of first-year, expenditures including return the following fall time equivalent (FTE) Student: The ratio of fringe benefits to full-*Graduation Rates: Indicator with Indicator with Indicator with Definition Definition Definition The number and *Real Cost per total operating semester. students.



Goal 6: To ensure efficient use of resources (Continued)

Indicator with			Basis for Assessing	
Definition	Clarification	Rationale for Inclusion	Performance	Data Sources
Enrollment by Credit	What are the number	Compared to other	Internal Benchmarking	Banner
Program: The number	and percentage of	constituent units of		
and percentage of	students enrolled in	higher education,		
students enrolled in	credit programs?	community college		
credit programs:		students are typically		
Business		ethnically diverse, older,		
 Health/Life Science 		work full- or part-time,		
 Other Sci/Tech/Eng 		have families. It will		
 Social Sciences 		certainly take them		
 Liberal Arts & 		longer to graduate than		
General Studies		the typical 18-year-old		
 Humanities/Arts/ 		entering college right		
Communications		after high school, but		
Education		they do enroll in large		
Non-matriculated		numbers and eventually		_
		graduate in large		
		numbers as well.		

*Common Core: UCONN, CSU, and CTC Indicators in *Italics* are those for which peer data will be available.





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